湖北文理学院专升本《综合英语》考试样卷

单位_		准考证	5号	姓	姓名			
题目				四	Ŧī.	六	总分	
满分	20	20	10	10	10	30	100	
得分								

得分	评卷人

Part I. Grammar and Vocabulary (20 points, 2 point for each) Directions: For each of the following blanks, four choices are given. Choose the most appropriate one.

1. The landlady told the young man to be in the payment of his rent. The young man promised to pay the rent on time. B. eager C. actual A. punctual D. proper 2. The man who fought bravely in the war for his own country is a true man of A. loyalty B. honesty C. certainty D. determination 3. The salesman's to general manager occurred without too much ceremony. A. raise B. rise C. promotion D. changing 4. He cannot a car, for he does not earn much money. B. afford A. obtain C. get D. consume 5. Mary's composition was so confused that I could hardly make any of it at all. A. sense B. explanation C. message D. meaning 6. She _____ her mother's good looks and her father's bad temper. A. succeeded B. inherited C. continued D. reduced 7. Everybody, students and instructors , is glad that school is opening. A. alike B. like C. unlike D. likely 8. She her excellent English while living in London. A. picked up B. looked up C. went up D. took up 9. His serving has been by his employers, they have not properly rewarded him. A. overwhelmed B. overcame C. overlooked D. overtook 10. The Chinese Red Cross ______a generous sum to the relief of the physically disabled.

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B. assigned

D. belonged

得分	评卷人	

PartII. Choose the correct answer. (20 points, 1 point for each) *Directions:* Beneath each of the following questions, there are three choices marked A, B, C. Choose the one that is the best answer.

11.What may you say if you are surprised to see someone?

- A. Hi! How are you doing?
- B. It's a long time since we last met.
- C. Fancy meeting you here!
- 12. Which of the following introductions is the most formal?
 - A. Hello! I'm John Thomas.
 - B. May I present Mr. Brown Close, managing director of ABC Leather Company?
 - C. Oh, Mary, I'd like you to meet my friend. This is Jack.
- 13. Which of the following sentences is the most direct way of giving information?
 - A. Couple of points I'd like to make. First...
 - B. Well, let me think for a moment.
 - C. I can tell you where you can find the answer.
- 14. Which of the following questions is the most casual?
 - A. Can you give me the reason why Tom is in the hospital again?
 - B. I was wondering if there was a possibility that you could tell me why Tom was in the hospital again?
 - C. How come Tom is in the hospital again?
- 15. What will you say if you don't care about your friend's suggestion?
 - A. Thank you for your suggestion. That's music to me.
 - B. It makes no difference to me.
 - C. Are you sure it's good?
- 16. How do you emphasize that you are not interested?
 - A. I couldn't care less about it.
 - B. I'm fed up with this scratching noise.
 - C. I've had enough of it.
- 17. What do you mean by saying "Am I glad to see you"?
 - A. You are surprised to see someone.
 - B. You are excited to see someone back home.
 - C. You are very excited when you see someone you really love to see.
- 18. What may you say when you are offering a gift?
 - A. I really appreciate it.
 - B. I hope you like it.
 - C. This is our little gift. It's nothing and worthless.
- 19. Which of the following sentences is most tentative?
 - A. Do you think it will work this way?
 - B. Why not go by bike?
 - C. Take my advice, do more reading.
- 20. How do you give permission?
 - A. Any one mind if I turn off the light?
 - B. No way, not in a million years.

C. I have no objection.

- 21. What may you say if you are shocked about a traffic accident?
 - A. I'm a bit nervous about the traffic accident.
 - B. I was very upset when I heard about the accident.
 - C. I'm concerned about the traffic accident.
- 22. What do you mean by saying "It really got on my nerves"?
 - A. You are excited.
 - B. You are disappointed.
 - C. You are annoyed.
- 23. Which of the following sentences expresses a favorable impression?
 - A. His words struck a slightly false note for me.
 - B. "Shall we go sailing on Sunday?"-"That sounds like a great idea!"
 - C. It looks as if he comes from the countryside.
- 24. Which of the following sentences expresses possibility?
 - A. There's no way you're going to get the job without good references.
 - B. Sending Sandra a letter was out of the question, because her husband might intercept it.
 - C. Try it! You never know, you might be lucky.
- 25. What will you say in order to ask for an opinion?
 - A. What are your feelings about life in Britain?
 - B. From my point of view, life in the city is not as easy as in the countryside.
 - C. Personally, I feel there's too much violence on TV.
- 26. How do you express dissatisfaction?
 - A. I've never been happier.
 - B. We couldn't ask for more, could we?
 - C. Well, I don't see why you should wash your dirty linen in public.
- 27. What do you mean by saying "Why did I say I'd clean the room? —It's going to take hours!"?
 - A. You are surprised to find it difficult to clean the room.
 - B. You regret having agreed to clean the room.
 - C. You make a wish to clean the room quickly.
- 28. What may you say when you want to tell someone to behave properly?
 - A. Mind your own business!
 - B. Don't touch that pot or you'll get hurt.
 - C. Behave yourself!
- 29. To whom might you say "Do eat up your din-din."?
 - A. Your friends.
 - B. Your children.
 - C. Your classmates.
- 30. Which of the following sentences can't express your anger?
 - A. Why don't you pick someone your own size?
 - B. Look, how they treat the innocent animals! It makes my blood boil.
 - C. I have no objection.

得分	评卷人

PartIII. Cloze. (10 points, 1 point for each)

Directions: Decide which of the choices given below would best complete the passage if inserted in the corresponding blanks.

Silas Minton's funeral was a quiet[31]. It was attended by the only [32] he had in the world, his niece and nephew, and by a few friends. The priest who had traveled[33] a hundred miles into this wild part of the county was now getting ready for the simple ceremony. Minton, [34] 'Minty' as his friends used to call him, [35] a hard life looking for gold in a lonely part of Western Australia. He had always refused to work in a gold mine [36] he believed that he could do better on his own. Although he was not a boastful(今口) person, he had often declared that one day he [37] find a lump(执) of gold as big as his head and with that he would retire and live in [38] for the rest of his life. But his dreams of great wealth never came true. For many years he had hardly earned enough money to keep himself [39]. Two men now gently lifted the rough wooden box that contained Minty's body, but they almost dropped it when they heard a loud cry from the grave-digger. His spade(铁鍬)had struck something hard in the rocky soil and he was shouting excitedly. Then he held up a large stone. [40] it was covered with dirt, the stone shone curious lyin the fierce sun light: it was unmistakably a heavy piece of solid gold!

31. A. accident	B. event	C. affair	D. incident
22. A. relation	B. relations	C. relationship	D. relationships
33. A. to	B. of	C. in	D. over
34. A. and	B. but	C. or	D. except
35. A. leaded	B. had leaded	C. had led	D. led
36. A. because	B. so	C. even	D. only
37. A. would	B. must	C. ought to	D. for
38. A. comfort	B. comforts	C. comfortable	D. comfortably
39. A. live	B. life	C. lived	D. alive
40. A. Though	B. For	C. Then	D. Because

得分	评卷人	

Part IV. Reading comprehension. (10 points, 2 points for each)

Directions: In this section there is a passages followed by five questions, each with four suggested answers marked A, B, C, and D. Choose the one that you think is the

best answer.

Woman have more problems than men in old age. First of all, they have less money—or no money at all — and because of this, they often feel they get less respect, even at home. Quite a large number have no pension because they have never worked outside the home, and thirty-eight percent are supported mainly by their husbands or children. Second, a larger number of old women than old men become window (single women). Men are normally older than the women they marry, and women generally live longer than men. The remarriage among older windows is lower than that among widows (single men). Statistics (统计) from 1990 in Shanghai 4

show only 52 percent of elderly women with husbands still living, compared to 82 percent of men.

Because of lower incomes and the difficulty of remarriage, many elderly women who live alone, are poor and have almost no social life. Even an old couple lives with children, it is the woman who ends up doing the work around the house. She cleans the rooms, prepares meals, and takes care of the family. Some 75 percent of them carry out such heavy physical tasks as buying and carrying grain, coal and other supplies for the home. How to improve the quality of life of women in their later years is a question that needs to be dealt with by all the society.

 41.If they had more money, elderly women _____.

 A. would have no more problem
 B. could live a fairy life

C. would get more respect D. would need no care of others

42.In Shanghai, of 150 elderly women, only ______have husbands still living.A.75.B.52.C.82.D.78.

43.According to the statistics, suppose there are 150,000 elderly men, _____of them are widowers.

A.27,000 B.78,000 C.72,000 D.123,000

44. What does "widows" refer to?

A. Married women

B. Married men

- C. Unmarried or divorced women
- D. Unmarried or divorced men

45.According to the writer, _____.

A. elderly women should be paid well

B. elderly women should live with their families

C. all people should do something for elderly women

D. housework should not be done by elderly women



Part V. Translation. (10 points, 5 points for each) *Directions: Translate each of the following sentences into English.* 46. 大学教育应该设法保证我们的大学生有进行批判性思维的能力。47. 这么重要的会你是不该迟到的。

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Part VI. Writing. (30 points)

Directions: For this part, you are allowed 30 minutes to write a short essay entitled **Working in Big Cities or Small Sized Cities?** following the outline given below. You should write at least 150 words but no more than 200 words.

- 1. 大学毕业生面临到大城市还是小城市工作的艰难选择
- 2. 到大城市和小城市工作各有什么优缺点
- 3. 我的看法

湖北文理学院专升本《综合英语》考试样卷答题卡

单位______ 准考证号 ______ 姓名 ______

题目	Ι	II	III	IV	V	VI	总分
满分	20	20	10	10	10	30	100
得分							

Part I. Grammar and Vocabulary (20 points, 12point for each)

Directions: For each of the following blanks, four choices are given. Choose the most appropriate one.

2. ____ 3. ____ 4. ____ 5. ___ 6. ____ 7. ____ 8. ____ 9. ____ 10. ____ 1. ____

PartII. Choose the correct answer. (20 points, 1 point for each)

Directions: Beneath each of the following questions, there are three choices marked A, B, C. Choose the one that is the best answer.

11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
21	22	23	24	25	26	27	_ 28	29	30

PartIII. Cloze. (10 points, 1 point for each)

Directions: Decide which of the choices given below would best complete the passage if inserted in the corresponding blanks.

31. ____ 32. ____ 33. ____ 34. ____ 35. ____ 36. ____ 37. ____ 38. ____ 39. ____ 40. ____

Part IV. Reading comprehension. (10 points, 2 points for each)

Directions: In this section there is one passage followed by five questions or unfinished statements, each with four suggested answers marked A, B, C, and D. Choose the one that you think is the best answer.

41. _____ 42. _____ 43. _____ 44. _____ 45. ____

Part V. Translation. (10 points, 5points for each)

Directions: Translate each of the following sentences into English.

46.

47.

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Part VI. Writing (30 points)

Directions: For this part, you are allowed 30 minutes to write a short essay entitled *Working in Big Cities or Small Sized Cities?* following the outline given below. You should write at least 150 words but no more than 200 words.

